
BOOK OVERVIEW

Nahum

Author: The prophet Nahum (means “comforter”)

Date: 630 B.C. (About 100 years after Nineveh turned to God in response to the preaching of Jonah)

Recipients: Primarily Nineveh, the capital of Assyria. Judah is also promised deliverance from Assyria.

Key words: vengeance (revenge) (3 times)

Summary: Nahum declares God’s coming judgement on the sin of Nineveh and the reason for that judgement.

Key verses: Nahum 3:5-7

Notes:

The location of Nahum’s home, Elkosh, is not known today.

The fortified walls of Nineveh enclosed about 1,700 acres.

The city palace covered about three large city blocks.

In the midst of Nahum’s declaration of God’s anger against sin, he reminds his hearers that God is good to those who trust Him. (Nahum 1:7)

The book of Nahum is basically two poems: the first focuses on the greatness of God; the second on the destruction of Nineveh.

Nineveh fell in 612 B.C.

BOOK OVERVIEW

Nahum

Author: The prophet Nahum (means “comforter”)

Date: 630 B.C. (About 100 years after Nineveh turned to God in response to the preaching of Jonah)

Recipients: Primarily Nineveh, the capital of Assyria. Judah is also promised deliverance from Assyria.

Key words: vengeance (revenge) (3 times)

Summary: Nahum declares God’s coming judgement on the sin of Nineveh and the reason for that judgement.

Key verses: Nahum 3:5-7

Notes:

The location of Nahum’s home, Elkosh, is not known today.

The fortified walls of Nineveh enclosed about 1,700 acres.

The city palace covered about three large city blocks.

In the midst of Nahum’s declaration of God’s anger against sin, he reminds his hearers that God is good to those who trust Him. (Nahum 1:7)

The book of Nahum is basically two poems: the first focuses on the greatness of God; the second on the destruction of Nineveh.

Nineveh fell in 612 B.C.

BOOK OVERVIEW

Nahum

Author: The prophet Nahum (means “comforter”)

Date: 630 B.C. (About 100 years after Nineveh turned to God in response to the preaching of Jonah)

Recipients: Primarily Nineveh, the capital of Assyria. Judah is also promised deliverance from Assyria.

Key words: vengeance (revenge) (3 times)

Summary: Nahum declares God’s coming judgement on the sin of Nineveh and the reason for that judgement.

Key verses: Nahum 3:5-7

Notes:

The location of Nahum’s home, Elkosh, is not known today.

The fortified walls of Nineveh enclosed about 1,700 acres.

The city palace covered about three large city blocks.

In the midst of Nahum’s declaration of God’s anger against sin, he reminds his hearers that God is good to those who trust Him. (Nahum 1:7)

The book of Nahum is basically two poems: the first focuses on the greatness of God; the second on the destruction of Nineveh.

Nineveh fell in 612 B.C.