

---

# BOOK OVERVIEW

---

## Philippians

**Author:** the Apostle Paul

**Date:** A.D. 63-64 (probably while Paul was a prisoner in Rome)

**Recipients:** “all the saints in Christ Jesus which are at Philippi” (Philippians 1:1)

**Summary:** Paul thanks the Believers for their faithful support and encourages them to continue emulating Christ.

**Key verses:** Philippians 4:4

**Key words:** joy (rejoice) (18 times)

**Notes:**

Paul visited Philippi for the first time on his second missionary journey, about A.D. 51.

Philippi, an ancient city of Macedonia, was renamed after Philip of Macedon, the father of Alexander the Great, who annexed it in 356 B.C. It later became a Roman colony. Philippi means “pertaining to Philip.” Its people were proud of their Roman citizenship. (see Acts 16:20-21)

Unlike many of the epistles, the book addresses no particular doctrinal error among the Believers in Philippi.

Paul sent this letter from Rome to Philippi, about 700 miles, by Epaphroditus, who had been sent by the Philippians to help Paul. (see Philippians 2:25–30)

Philippi was the first European city to receive the Gospel. (see Acts 16:9-15)

---

# BOOK OVERVIEW

---

## Philippians

**Author:** the Apostle Paul

**Date:** A.D. 63-64 (probably while Paul was a prisoner in Rome)

**Recipients:** “all the saints in Christ Jesus which are at Philippi” (Philippians 1:1)

**Summary:** Paul thanks the Believers for their faithful support and encourages them to continue emulating Christ.

**Key verses:** Philippians 4:4

**Key words:** joy (rejoice) (18 times)

**Notes:**

Paul visited Philippi for the first time on his second missionary journey, about A.D. 51.

Philippi, an ancient city of Macedonia, was renamed after Philip of Macedon, the father of Alexander the Great, who annexed it in 356 B.C. It later became a Roman colony. Philippi means “pertaining to Philip.” Its people were proud of their Roman citizenship. (see Acts 16:20-21)

Unlike many of the epistles, the book addresses no particular doctrinal error among the Believers in Philippi.

Paul sent this letter from Rome to Philippi, about 700 miles, by Epaphroditus, who had been sent by the Philippians to help Paul. (see Philippians 2:25–30)

Philippi was the first European city to receive the Gospel. (see Acts 16:9-15)

---

# BOOK OVERVIEW

---

## Philippians

**Author:** the Apostle Paul

**Date:** A.D. 63-64 (probably while Paul was a prisoner in Rome)

**Recipients:** “all the saints in Christ Jesus which are at Philippi” (Philippians 1:1)

**Summary:** Paul thanks the Believers for their faithful support and encourages them to continue emulating Christ.

**Key verses:** Philippians 4:4

**Key words:** joy (rejoice) (18 times)

**Notes:**

Paul visited Philippi for the first time on his second missionary journey, about A.D. 51.

Philippi, an ancient city of Macedonia, was renamed after Philip of Macedon, the father of Alexander the Great, who annexed it in 356 B.C. It later became a Roman colony. Philippi means “pertaining to Philip.” Its people were proud of their Roman citizenship. (see Acts 16:20-21)

Unlike many of the epistles, the book addresses no particular doctrinal error among the Believers in Philippi.

Paul sent this letter from Rome to Philippi, about 700 miles, by Epaphroditus, who had been sent by the Philippians to help Paul. (see Philippians 2:25–30)

Philippi was the first European city to receive the Gospel. (see Acts 16:9-15)